Tychem SL

Lightweight protection of Tyvek laminated with a chemical-resistant Saranex film.

Tychem® SL delivers effective protection against a range of chemical environments. Tychem® SL, utilizing Saranex® 23-P film laminated to Tyvek® brand protective material, is a lightweight, comfortable garment specifically designed for easy wear. Tychem® SL is ideal for chemical mixing, remediation, emergency medical response, paint spraying, and radioactive environments.

Nuclear Environments

Tychem® SL is used in a variety of industries, including environmental clean-up operations, waste management, industrial plants, cleanroom applications, hazardous material response teams and other emergency services. General garment construction/wear guidelines should be followed according to the specific application.¹

Visibility

When workers wear high-visibility colors it improves how well they can be recognized and distinguished from the background. Obviously, safety is enhanced when workers can clearly see co-workers. The Tychem® SL standard white color provides the highest level of visibility in low and dim light; however, it may have low contrast. White garments provide high contrast visibility in wooded areas and low contrast against snow. In a laboratory study, Tychem® SL received high overall ratings for visibility for dim light and bright light. Contrast was low against bright, light colored backgrounds, but very high against dark and outdoor backgrounds.²

Durability

Tychem® SL is rugged and durable even in cold temperatures. Tychem® SL offers little change in stiffness when exposed to extreme cold temperatures (-65°C to 20°C or -85°F to 68°F) as measured per ASTM D747.

Permeation

Tychem® SL is the only fabric laminated with Saranex® for which DuPont provides permeation data and technical support. DuPont provides permeation data and detailed information on how our fabrics perform against chemical classes in a variety of forms. You can choose Fax-On-Demand, website, CD-Rom or our ever popular printed Permeation Guide³ for DuPont Tychem® Protective Fabrics.





Tychem SL

CHEMICAL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Tychem® SL

Permeation Data for ASTM Recommended List of Chemicals for Evaluating Protective Clothing Materials (ASTM F1001)

CHEMICAL NAME	PHYSICAL PHASE	AVERAGE NORMALIZED BREAKTHROUGH TIME (minutes)	AVERAGE PERMEATION RATE (µg/cm²/minute)	
Acetone	L	24	1.6	
Acetonitrile	L	12	2.8	
Ammonia	G	32	0.15	
1,3-Butadiene	G	>480	< 0.02	
Carbon disulfide	L	immed.	>50	
Chlorine	G	>480	<0.01	
Dichloromethane	L L L	immed. 12 112	>50 >50 0.85	INDEX OF CODES: > = greater than, < = less than, L = liquid, G = gas,
Diethylamine				
N,N-Dimethylformamide				Immed. = immediate (<10 minutes)
Ethyl acetate	L	14	0.54	Numbers reported are averages of samples
Ethylene oxide	G	immed.	8.4	tested by the ASTM F739 test method. Sample results do vary and therefore
n-Hexane	L	146	0.48	averages for these results are reported.
Hydrogen chloride	G	>480	<0.1	
Methanol	L	>480	< 0.001	
Methyl chloride	G	>480	< 0.006	
Nitrobenzene	L	102	2.3	
Sodium hydroxide, 50%	L	>480	<0.1	
Sulfuric acid (conc.)	L	>480	<0.1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethylene	L	immed.	5.7	
Tetrahydrofuran	L	immed.	>50	
Toluene	L	immed.	25	

This information is based upon technical data that DuPont believes to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience are gained. DuPont makes no guarantee of results and assumes no obligation or liability in connection with this information.

It is the user's responsibility to determine the level of toxicity and the proper personal protective equipment needed. The information set forth herein reflects laboratory performance of fabrics, not complete garments, under controlled conditions. It is intended for information use by persons having technical skill for evaluation under their specific end-use conditions, at their own discretion and risk.

Anyone intending to use this information should first verify that the garment selected is suitable for the intended use. In many cases, seams and closures have shorter breakthrough times and higher permeation rates than the fabric. Please contact the garment manufacturer for specific data. If fabric becomes torn, abraded or punctured, end user should discontinue use of garment to avoid potential exposure to chemical. SINCE CONDITIONS OF USE ARE OUTSIDE OUR CONTROL, WE MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER IN CONNECTION WITH ANY USE OF THIS INFORMATION.

This information is not intended as a license to operate under or a recommendation to infringe any patent or technical information of DuPont or others covering any material or its use.

WARNINGS:

- Tychem® SL is not flame-resistant and should not be used around heat, flame, sparks, or in potentially flammable or explosive environments.
- 2) Garments made of Tychem® SL should have slip-resistant or antislip materials on the outer surface of boots, shoe covers or other garment surfaces in conditions where slipping could occur.

For more information:

Visit our website at:

www.DuPontProtectiveApprl.com

For specific permeation data and breakthrough times for other chemicals:

DuPont Protective Apparel Fax-On-Demand Service 1-800-558-9329

The DuPont Tyvek® business manufactures a complete line of chemical protective fabrics made of Tychem® and fabric made of Tyvek® for dry particulate protection. Call for more information:

1-877-797-5907



Tychem® SL

Common Industrial Chemicals

CHEMICAL NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	CAS #	AVERAGE NORMALIZED BREAKTHROUGH TIME ^{1A}	CHEMICAL F NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	CAS #	AVERAGE NORMALIZED BREAKTHROUGH TIME ^{1A}
Acetic acid	L	64-19-7	>480	Methanol	L	67-56-1	>480
Acetic anhydride	L	108-24-7	>480	Methyl bromide	G	74-83-9	>480
Acrylic acid	L	79-10-7	>480	Methyl chloride	G	74-87-3	>480
Acrylonitrile	L	107-13-1	>480	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	L	96-29-7	>480
Ammonia	L	7664-41-7	>480	Methyl t-butyl ether	L	1634-04-4	>480
Ammonium hydroxide, 28%-30%	L	1336-21-6	>480	n-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	L	872-50-4	>480
Benzene	L	71-43-2	74	4,4'-Methylene bis (o-chloroaniline	e),		
Benzo[a]pyrene	S	50-32-8	>480	sat. sol. in methanol	L	101-14-4	>480
Black liquor	L	123465-36-	1 >480	Mineral oil	L	8012-95-1	>480
Chemidize 727 ND	L	mixture	>480	Mineral spirits	L	64475-85-0) >480
Chlorine, 20 ppm	G	7782-50-5	>480	Nicotine	L	54-11-5	450
Chloroacetone	L	78-95-5	>480	Nitric acid, 70%	L	7697-37-2	>480
Chromic acid, 60%	L	1333-82-0	>480	Nitrogen dioxide	G	10102-44-0) >480
o-Cresol	L	95-48-7	>480	Oleum, 40% free SO ₃	L	8014-95-7	>480
Crude oil	L	8002-05-9	>480	PCB	L	11097-69-1	>480
1,1-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	L	374-07-2	>480	PCB 1%, Mineral spirits 99%	L	11097-69-1	>480
Diethylaniline crude	L	91-66-7	>480	PCB 50%, Mineral oil 50%	L	11097-69-1	>480
Diethyl-m-toluidine crude	L	91-67-8	>480	PCB 50%, Trichlorobenzene 50%	L	11097-69-1	>480
Ethylene glycol	L	107-21-1	>480	PCB gas condensate	L	11097-69-1	401
Formalin (Formaldehyde 37%)	L	50-00-0	>480	Phenol, 85%	L	108-95-2	>480
Formic acid	L	64-18-6	>480	Phenyl ethyl alcohol	L	98-85-1	>480
Fuel oil	L	mixture	>480	Phosphoric acid, 85%	L	7664-38-2	>480
Gluteraldehyde, 5% aqueous solut	ion L	111-30-8	>480	Potassium acetate, sat. sol. in wat	ter L	127-08-2	>480
Green liquor	L	68131-30-6	>480	Sodium hydroxide, 50%	L	1310-73-2	>480
Hexamethyldisilizane	L	999-97-3	>480	Sodium hypochlorite, 17%	L	7681-52-9	>480
Hydrazine	L	302-01-2	>480	Sodium hypochlorite, 5.25%	L	7681-52-9	>480
Hydrochloric acid, 37%	L	7647-01-0	>480	Sulfur dioxide	G	7446-09-5	>480
Hydrofluoric acid, 48%	L	7664-39-3	>480	Sulfuric acid	L	7664-93-9	>480
lodine	S	7553-56-2	>480	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	L	811-97-2	>480
Mercuric chloride, sat. sol. in water	er L	7487-94-7	>480	Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate	L	584-84-9	>480
Mercury	L	7439-97-6	>480	Triethylamine	L	121-44-8	>480
Methanesulfonic acid	L	75-75-2	>480	White liquor	L	68131-33-9	9 >480

> = greater than, L = liquid, G = gas, S = solid

^{1A} Average Normalized Breakthrough Time shown in minutes

Chemical Warfare Agents					
AGENT	TIME	CUMULATIVE PERMEATION	PROTOCOLS		
HD, Sulfur Mustard	3 hours	<0.1 µg/cm²	DN3		
L, Lewisite	6 hours	<0.1 µg/cm²	DN3		
GB, Sarin	6 hours	<0.00012 µg/cm²	DN5		
VX	12 hours	<0.00012 µg/cm ²	DN5		
Applied at 10g/m² in 1µL drops at 22°C, 50% RH <= less than					

Physical Properties of Tychem ^o SL				
Total Basis Weight ASTM D3776-90	3.6 oz/yd²	Breaking Strength (md/cd)		
Thickness ASTM D1777-75	13 mils	ASTM D5034-90 Tearing Strength Tr	47/50 lbs	
Mullen Burst ASTM D3786-87	73 psi	(md/cd) ASTM D1117-80	9/8 lbs	

Tychem® SL is available in many styles, from coveralls and aprons to fully encapsulated Level B suits.







Biohazards

Tychem® SL provides excellent resistance against blood, body fluid and viral contaminants, and passes ASTM F1670 for synthetic blood penetration and ASTM F1671 for viral penetration.

Pesticides

To determine the appropriate garment for a liquid application, read the EPA Product Registration Label. If the signal word is "CAUTION" or "WARNING" (only one will be listed), Tychem® QC may be the appropriate choice. If the signal word is "DANGER", Tychem® SL may be appropriate.

- ¹ General Garment Specification/Wear Guidelines:
 - Potential for light splash AND no pressure—Select serged seam construction for small volumes of fluids with minimal or no pressure.
 - Potential for light to moderate splash—Select bound seams that are tightly sewn and have a reinforced outer binding to enhance seam strength and barrier quality.

Potential for moderate to heavy splash—Select sewn and taped seams that offer higher strength and penetration resistance. All apparel used in liquid applications should have bound or sealed seams. A storm flap that covers zipper/closure area should also be considered. In the event of a splash or drench, the contaminated garment should be removed and clean apparel donned.

- ² ASTM D747—"Apparent Bending Modulus of Plastic by Means of a Cantilever Beam".
- ³ Permeation Guide for DuPont Tychem® & DuPont StaSafe® Protective Fabrics.

Tychem® SL fabric is also available in gray.

Minimum order requirements may be applicable.